## What will the

## return on your



Ross Women's Week
March 2021

## Hi, it's nice to meet you



- Started pHERsonal Finance Day to encourage high-earning woman to take action on their money
- Fellow MBA frustrated by the lack of formal financial education with the $\$ 200 \mathrm{~K}$ degree
- Former management consultant and head of sales operations for Revolution Foods
- Went full-time with my business in October


## Agenda

- 5:30-5:40 Foundations: Save Less than you Earn
- 5:40-5:50 Asset allocation
- 5:50 - 6:05 Sample portfolios, Sins of Investing \& Risk
- 6:05-6:15 Exercise \& Q\&A


## The Wealth Gap

4\% Motherhood
Penalty (per child)

Investing Gap
11\% more of
assets in lowreturning cash


## Wage Gap

Women earn \$0.81
for every dollar men make

## 5-8 year longer life

 expectancy means \$250K*+ more needed in retirement income
## Who is better at money?

Secretary at Abbott Laboratories

## U Chicago <br> Morgan Stanle' <br> Finance Bro



## Who is better at money?



## How?

"There is no plausible scenario in which a 100-year old country secretary could beat Tiger Woods at golf or perform brain surgery better than a brain surgeon. But - fairly often - that same country secretary can out-finance a Wall Street titan."

$$
\begin{gathered}
\text { Behavior > } \\
\text { Financial Wizardry }
\end{gathered}
$$

## Disclaimer

© pHERsonal Finance Day 2021. The information is being presented without consideration of the investment objectives, risk tolerance, or financial circumstances of any specific investor and might not be suitable for all investors. Past performance is not indicative of future results. Investing involves risk including the possible loss of principal. pHERsonal Finance Day does not provide advice on the purchase of individual securities.

## Investing



Source: Morgan Housel, https://www.fool.com/investing/general/2015/07/09/needs.aspx


## Impact of Saving Early



- Earns \$150,000 / year
- Saves \$1,250* / month (6\% of her paycheck + 4\% match)
- Earns \$150,000 / year
- Saves \$2,250* / month (14\% of her salary $+4 \%$ match)

Wait 30 years earning 7\% / year in low-cost index funds

## \$1,416,912

## \$2,550,441

## Impact of Saving Early



- Earns \$150,000 / year
- Saves \$1,250* / month ( $6 \%$ of her paycheck $+4 \%$ match)

- Earns \$150,000 / year
- Saves \$2,250* / month (14\% of her salary + 4\% match)
- Earns 7\% return


## Wait 30 years in low-cost index funds

## \$1,699,248

## \$2,550,441

## How to Save \$2.5K / month

|  | Annual | Monthly |
| :--- | :--- | ---: |
| Salary | $\$ 150,000$ | $\$ 12,500$ |
|  |  |  |
| Federal \& FICA Taxes | $\$ 37,816$ | $\$ 3,151$ |
| State \& Local Taxes | $\$ 13,962$ | $\$ 1,164$ |
|  |  |  |
| Rent | $\$ 24,000$ | $\$ 2,000$ |
| Student Loans | $\$ 12,900$ | $\$ 1,075$ |
| Credit Card | $\$ 39,000$ | $\$ 3,250$ |
|  |  |  |
| Total Expenses | $\$ 127,678$ | $\$ 10,640$ |
|  |  |  |
| Remaining for Retirement | $\$ 22,322$ | $\$ 1,860$ |

- Assumes NYC taxes
- $\$ 100 \mathrm{~K}$ in student loans
- $\$ 1.7 \mathrm{~K} /$ month in rent
- No bonus
- \$750 / month (6\%) corporate match

Remaining for Retirement \$22,322 \$1,860


## Asset Allocation



Source: Morgan Housel, https://www.fool.com/investing/general/2015/07/09/needs.aspx

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## Asset Classes



Stocks


Alternative
Investments


Bonds / Fixed Income


Real Estate

## Average Asset Class Returns

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2005-2019 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | YTD | Ann. | Vol. |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { EM } \\ \text { Equity } \\ 34.5 \% \end{gathered}$ | REITs <br> 35.1\% | EM Equity $39.8 \%$ | Fixed Income $5.2 *$ | EM Equity $79.0 \%$ | REITs $27.9 \%$ | REITs $8.3 \%$ | REITs <br> $19.7 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Small } \\ \text { Cap } \\ 38.8 \% \end{gathered}$ | REIT <br> $28.0 \%$ | REITs $2.8 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Small } \\ \text { Cap } \\ 21.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | EM Equity 37.8\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 1.8 \% \end{aligned}$ | Large Cap $31.5 \%$ | Fixed Income $6.8 \%$ | Large Cap 9.0\% | REITs <br> 22.2\% |
| Comdty. $21.4 \%$ | EM Equity $32.6 \%$ | Comdty. $16.2 \%$ | Cash <br> $1.8 \%$ | High Yield 59.4\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Small } \\ \text { Cap } \\ 26.9 \% \end{gathered}$ | Fixed Income 7.8\% | High Yield 19.6\% | Large Cap $32.4 \%$ | Large Cap $13.7 \%$ | Large Cap 1.4\% | High Yield $14.3 \%$ | DM Equity $25.6 \%$ | Fixed Income $0.0 \%$ | REITs <br> 28.7\% | Large Cap $5.6 \%$ | REITs <br> 8.3\% | EM Equity 22.1\% |
| DM Equity 14.0\% | DM Equity $26.9 \%$ | DM Equity $11.6 \%$ |  | DM Equity $32.5 \%$ | EM Equity 19.2\% | High <br> Yield <br> 3. 1\% | EM <br> Equity <br> 18.6\% | DM Equity $23.3 \%$ | Fixed Income $6.0 \%$ | Fixed Income $0.5 \%$ | Large Cap $12.0 \%$ | Large Cap 21.8\% | REITs $-4.0 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Small } \\ \text { Cap } \\ 25.5 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 0.5 \% \end{aligned}$ | Small Cap 7.9\% | Comdty. $18.6 \%$ |
| REITs $12.2 \%$ | Small Cap $18.4 \%$ | Assel Albc. $7.1 \%$ | High <br> Yield <br> - 26.9\% | REITs $28.0 \%$ | Comdty. $16.8 \%$ | Large Cap <br> 2. 1\% | DM Equity 17.9\% | Asset A fioc. <br> $14.9 \%$ | Asset Amp. $5.2 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 0.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | Comdty. $11.8 \%$ | Small Cap <br> $14.6 \%$ | High Yield <br> .4.1\% | DM Equity $22.7 \%$ | Asset Alloc. <br> -0.1\% | EM Equity <br> 7.8\% | Small Cap <br> $17.7 \%$ |
| Asset Alte. 8.1\% | Large Cap $15.8 \%$ | Fixed Income 7.0\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Small } \\ \text { Cap } \\ -33.8 \% \end{gathered}$ | Small Cap <br> $27.2 \%$ | Large Cap 15.1\% | Cash <br> $0.1 \%$ | Small Cap $16.3 \%$ | High <br> Yield <br> 7.3\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Small } \\ & \text { Cap } \\ & 4.9 \% \end{aligned}$ | DM Equity <br> $-0.4 \%$ | EM Equity $11.6 \%$ | Asset Alloc. <br> $14.6 \%$ | Large Cap -4.4\% | Asset Ajbc. <br> $19.5 \%$ <br> $10.5 \%$ | High Yield $-0.6 \%$ | High <br> Yield <br> 7.2\% | DM Equity $17.3 \%$ |
| Large Cap <br> 4.9\% | Asset <br> Alec. <br> 15.3\% | Large Cap <br> 5.5\% | Comdty. $-35.6 \%$ | Large Cap <br> 25.5\% | High Yield <br> $14.8 \%$ | Asset <br> Aljec. <br> -0.7\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Large } \\ \text { Cap } \\ 16.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REITs } \\ & 2.9 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 0.0 \% \end{aligned}$ | Asset <br> Abc. <br> -2.0\% | REITs $8.6 \%$ | High Yield <br> $10.4 \%$ | Assel Aly. $-5.8 \%$ | EM Equity 18.9\% | EM <br> Equity <br> -0.9\% | Asset Alloc. $6.6 \%$ | Large Cap <br> $14.0 \%$ |
| Small Cap <br> 4.6\% | High Yield <br> $13.7 \%$ | Cash <br> 4.8\% | $\begin{gathered} \text { Large } \\ \text { Cap } \\ -37.0 \% \end{gathered}$ | Asset <br> Alle. $25.0 \%$ | Assot Albe. $13.3 \%$ | Small Cap $-4.2 \%$ | Asset <br> Albe. <br> 12.2\% | Cash <br> $0.0 \%$ | High <br> Yield <br> $0.0 \%$ | High Yield $-2.7 \%$ | Aspet <br> AUbe. <br> $8.3 \%$ | REITs <br> 8.7\% | Small Cap -11.0\% | High Yield <br> 12.6\% | DM Equity $-6.7 \%$ | DM Equity 5.3\% | High Yield <br> $10.9 \%$ |
| High <br> Yield <br> 3.6\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 4.8 \% \end{aligned}$ | High <br> Yield <br> 3.2\% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { REITs } \\ & -37.7 \% \end{aligned}$ | Comdty. $18.9 \%$ | DM Equity 8.2\% | DM Equity $\text { - } \mathbf{~ 1 1 . 7 \% ~}$ | Fixed Income <br> 4.2\% | Fixed Income $-2.0 \%$ | EM Equity -1.8\% | Small Cap $-4.4 \%$ | Fixed Income 2.6\% | Fixed Income $3.5 \%$ | Comdty. $-11.2 \%$ | Fixed Income $8.7 \%$ | Small Cap $.8 .7 \%$ | Flxed Income 4. 1\% | Asset <br> Alloc. <br> $10.0 \%$ |
| Cash <br> 3.0\% | Flxed Income $4.3 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Small } \\ & \text { Cap } \\ & -1.6 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DM } \\ \text { Equity } \\ \text {-43.1\% } \end{gathered}$ | Fixed Income $5.9 \%$ | Fixed Income $6.5 \%$ | Comdty. $-13.3 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 0.1 \% \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { EM } \\ \text { Equity } \\ -2.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DM } \\ \text { Equity } \\ -4.5 \% \end{gathered}$ | EM Equity $-14.6 \%$ | DM Equity $1.5 \%$ | Comdty. $1.7 \%$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { DM } \\ \text { Equity } \\ \text { =13.4\% } \end{gathered}$ | Comdty. $7.7 \%$ | Comdty. $-12.1 \%$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cash } \\ & 1.3 \% \end{aligned}$ | Fixed Income $3.4 \%$ |
| Fixed Income $2.4 \%$ | Comdty. <br> 2.1\% | REITs $-15.7 \%$ | EM Equity $.53 .2 \%$ | Cash 0.1\% | Cash $0.1 \%$ | EM Equity - 18.2\% | Comaty. $-1.1 \%$ | Comdty. $-9.5 \%$ | Comdty. $-17.0 \%$ | Comdty. $-24.7 \%$ | Cash | Cash | EM Equity - $14.2 \%$ | Cash | $\begin{gathered} \text { REITs } \\ -12.3 \% \end{gathered}$ | Comdty. $-2.6 \%$ | Cash 1.0\% |

Source: Barclays, Bloomberg, FactSet, MSCI, NAREIT, Russell, Standard \& Poor's, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Large cap: S\&P 500, Small cap: Russell 2000, EM Equity: MSCI EME, DM Equity: MSCI EAFE, Comdty: Bloomberg Commodity Index, High Yield: Bloomberg Barclays Global HY Index, Fixed Income: Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate, REITs: NAREIT Equity REIT Index, Cash: Bloomberg Barclays 1-3m Treasury. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio assumes the following weights: $25 \%$ in the S\&P $500,10 \%$ in the Russell 2000, $15 \%$ in the MSCI EAFE, $5 \%$ in the MSCI EME, $25 \%$ in the Bloomberg Barclays US Aggregate, $5 \%$ in the Bloomberg Barclays 1-3m Treasury, $5 \%$ in the Bloomberg Barclays Global High Yield Index, $5 \%$ in the Bloomberg Commodity Index and 5\% in the NAREIT Equity REIT Index. Balanced portfolio assumes annual rebalancing. Annualized (Ann.) return and volatility (Vol.) represents period of 12/31/04-12/31/19. Please see disclosure page at end for index definitions. All data represents total return for stated period. The "Asset Allocation" portfolio is for illustrative purposes only. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of September 30, 2020.

## 120 years of Market Performance

## S\&P Composite Index



Source: FactSet, NBER, Robert Shiller, J.P. Morgan Asset Management. Data shown in log scale to best illustrate long-term index patterns. Past performance is not indicative of future returns. Chart is for illustrative purposes only. Guide to the Markets - U.S. Data are as of September 30, 2020.

## How to divide your money?

- Diversification: don't put all your money in one basket. If you have $\$ 100,000$ in assets, having it all in a single asset (a home or Tesla or \$GME stock) increases your risk.
- Investing in different asset classes gives you more diversification: In general, bonds are less volatile and tend to move in the opposite direction of stocks.
- General investing rule has been to reduce your risk as you get older: In retirement, you don't have time to catch up from a market dip. This translated to a general rule of putting 100 minus your age in stocks. It's now been revised to 110 or 120!


## Asset Allocation

- Make sure you have an emergency fund (5-6 months of living expenses saved away in a high-yield savings account)
- Consider your circumstances
- Be more aggressive: If you are 90 -years old with $\$ 2 \mathrm{M}$ in the bank and your social security check covers $90 \%$ of your living expenses then keeping $80 \%$ of your income in bonds might not make sense.
- Be more conservative: If you are 32-years old working in construction with a kid, don't put 80-90\% of your savings for a house down payment into the stock market.


## Asset allocation

# 7\%? <br> So how do you get it? 



## Total Market Index Funds

## Boring Investments like Vanguard's Total Stock Market Fund

| Average annual returns-updated monthly <br> as of $12 / 31 / 2020$ |
| :--- |



## Total Stock Market Funds

## Month-end ten largest holdings

as of $12 / 31 / 2020$

Rank/holdings
1 Apple Inc.
2 Microsoft Corp.

3 Amazon.com Inc.
4 Alphabet Inc.
5 Facebook Inc.
6 Tesla Inc.

7 Berkshire Hathaway Inc.
8 Johnson \& Johnson
9 JPMorgan Chase \& Co.

10 Visa Inc.

Expenses


Fees on $\$ 10,000$ invested over 10 years



## Sample 4-Portfolio Strategy




## Target Date Funds

- Target Date Funds are a common investing option
available to you in your 401K \& IRA
- If you don't make any other election, many 401 Ks default to the Target Date fund that closely corresponds to the year when you are 65.
- Target Date Funds transition from riskier to less risky over time as you get closer to
 retirement
- To get the ideal allocation, the plan is designed for you to invest in ONE target date fund


## Investing Takeaways



Expect market volatility. Ride out dips.

Cash is not your friend over the long-term.

## Buy and hold.

## Sins of Investing

1. Holding too much cash
2. Picking individual stocks (Kodak, Enron, Worldcom, Blockbuster)
3. Keeping more than $10 \%$ of your net worth in your company stock
4. Chasing past performance
5. Trying to time the market
6. Paying high fees
7. Thinking short term
8. Not investing early and consistently
9. Selling during a crash
10. Maintaining multiple accounts (e.g., not rolling over old 401Ks)
11. Paying for money management but not holding them accountable
12. Not comparing your annual returns to the market

## Your 401K

- Find out how your company provides you with a match. Many still provide your match in their company stock including Amazon.
- Due to insider trading laws, trades may be limited. Check your policy!
- The percentage of your portfolio in company stock may grow over time without rebalancing. The below example models Amazon stock growing at $15 \%$ while the TDF grows at 10\% (note: Amazon stock is more volatile).

|  | In'tl Amt | Year 1 | Year 2 | Year 3 | Year 4 |  | Year 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
| Amazon Stock | $\$ 25,000$ | $\$ 28,750$ | $\$ 33,063$ | $\$ 38,022$ | $\$$ | 43,725 | $\$$ |  |
| Target Date |  |  | 50,284 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fund | $\$ 25,000$ | $\$ 27,500$ | $\$ 30,250$ | $\$ 33,275$ | $\$$ | 36,603 | $\$$ |  |

## Risk

(c) The Importance of Diversifying Your Savings

To help achieve financial security, you should carefully consider the benefits of a well-balanced and diversified investment portfolio. Spreading your assets among different types of investments in your Account can help you achieve a favorable rate of return, while minimizing your overall risk of losing money. This is because market or other economic conditions that cause one category of assets, or one particular security, to perform very well often cause another asset category, or another particular security, to perform poorly. If you invest more than $20 \%$ of your savings in any one company or industry, your savings may not be properly diversified. Although diversification is not a guarantee against loss, it is an effective strategy to help you manage investment risk.

The Company Stock Fund is not a diversified investment, meaning that it is subject to greater volatility and therefore greater risk. You should carefully and periodically evaluate the amount of your Account invested in the Company Stock Fund. You want to ensure that the amount of your investment in this fund, or any fund, does not exceed the percentage of your overall savings that is appropriate for your situation. You should consult with your financial advisor if you have any questions.


## Risk

## 10\%

## Amount of your net worth you should have in one company


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## Exercise: Where is your money?

| Retirement Account | Security | \$101,000 | \% | Asset | \$'s | Expense <br> Ratio | Return <br> (1-year) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current 401K | E.g., Vanguard 2050 Target Date Fund | \$30,000 | 85\% | Stocks | \$25,500 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 13\% | Bonds | \$3,900 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 2\% | Cash | \$600 |  |  |
| Spouse's Current 401K | E.g. Fixed Income | \$30,000 | 10\% | Bonds | \$3,000 |  |  |
|  | E.g., Fidelity International Growth Fund |  | 72\% | Stocks | \$21,600 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 18\% | Stocks | \$5,400 |  |  |
| Old 401Ks |  | \$10,000 | 100\% | Stocks | \$10,000 |  |  |
| Old 401Ks |  | \$15,000 | 75\% | Stocks | \$11,250 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 5\% | Cash | \$750 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 20\% | Bonds | \$3,000 |  |  |


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## Stay in touch

## @her.personal.finance

## eryn.schultz@gmail.com

pHERsonalfinanceday.thinkific.com
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## 10-Week Course

- 10-week, 1-hour per week course.
- Cost of $\$ 600$ per participant or $\$ 60$ / week of content.
- All classes are recorded to fit a busy clinicians schedule.
- Classes are capped at 25 to create shared learning and a community of peers also working towards financial literacy.
- Each class includes worksheets and Excel sheets to identify and quantify goals, create an investing baseline, determine the costs of homeownership, etc.
- 30-minute office hours included to answer individual questions
- Review of individual homework assignments with feedback
https://phersonalfinanceday.thinkific.com/


## Questions



